

Knowledge organiser—Living things and their habitats

Key vocabulary	
classification	The process of arranging things into groups with something in common
classification keys	a series of questions to identify an object, plant or animal
environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• your surroundings• the natural world around us
habitat	The natural home of a plant or animal
hibernate	spending winter in a state of deep sleep
human impact	the ways in which people affect the environment – positive and negative
positive	something good - adding something to a situation
negative	something bad or taking something away
migrate	moving from one place to another

Facts
Living things can be grouped in a variety of ways.
Vertebrates are living things that have a spine, Invertebrates do not have a spine or backbone.
Vertebrates can be sorted into mammals, amphibians, birds, fish and reptiles/
Classification keys can help to groups, identify and name a variety of living things in an environment.
Humans can make positive and negative impacts on environments and living things.
Environments can change and this can lead to living things having to change too, this is called evolution.

