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School: Lew Trenchard Primary School	
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To ensure subject coverage and weighting.	

### **INTRODUCTION / AIMS**

Our EYFS Curriculum has been designed to reflect the nature of our school environment, the seasons of the year and the nature around our school. It aims to teach the children how their environment compares to other places, cultures and nature in other parts of the world. Each key text and linked provision are included in the curriculum for very specific reasons, and we want to ensure that all children leaving the Foundation Stage are ready to start the KS1 curriculum. Each learning focus does not last a specific amount of time but is based on the children's learning at the time, and so can run from anything between two and seven weeks. All of the overarching themes have resources and activities ready to use in the enhanced provision. Specific concepts are introduced with a good quality storybook or age appropriate non – fiction text. Using books in this way teaches children that books and reading form the basis of all learning.

This ambitious Early Year's curriculum aims to teach all children the skills and knowledge in order that they reach the seventeen Early Learning Goals described in the Early Years Foundation Stage. We teach through a range of teaching methods including child-initiated learning, whole class teaching, group teaching, investigations and problem solving together, and independently. As many activities as possible are play-based; however, there is also a need for direct teacher-led activities to ensure children gain essential knowledge and skills from their teacher. All activities are expertly modelled, and children are given sufficient time, support and resources to repeat and practise them.

**Diversity:** we have carefully planned our curriculum to include diversity (gender, disability, BAME – Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic) to ensure it is a diverse and inclusive curriculum. Where there are key links, these are highlighted below in orange.

Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Possible	W	/ho am I?	Come C	Outside!	Isn't it a	amazing?
Themes/Interests/Lin	Starting sch	ool/new beginnings	Growing ar	nd changing	Compar	ing places
es of Enquiry	Rules	and routines	Plants an	d flowers	Polar regions and t	he rainforest/jungle
,	All about m	ne, families, homes	Human body, senses		Under the sea,	
	Feelings and emotions		Keeping fit and healthy		Space Now and Then	
	Celebr	ations, parties	Animals and minibeasts		Seasonal changes	s – Spring/Summer
	Bonfire Night, Remembrance Day, Harvest,  Diwali  Barring Gould- October)  Advent, Christmas Seasonal Changes –		Bonfire Night, Remembrance Day, Harvest, Life cycles			
			Recycling, lookin	g after the world		
			Easter			
			Chinese I	New Year		
I	Autumn/Winter		Seasonal change	Seasonal changes – Winter/Spring		

Key Texts	Fiction	'What makes me a me?' By Ben Faulks and David Tazzyman  'Super Duper You' by Sophy Henn  'Elmer' by David McKee  'The Little Red Hen'  'Hair Love' by Matthew Cherry  'Owl Babies' by Martin Waddell and Patrick  Benson  'Pumpkin Soup' by Helen Cooper	'Jack and the beanstalk' – Traditional Tale  'The Very Hungry Caterpillar' by Eric Carle.  'Supertato' by Sue Hendra and Paul Linnet  'The Runaway Wok'  By Ying Chang Compestine and Sebastia Serra  'Izzy Gizmo' by Pip Jones	'The Night Pirates' by Peter Harris  'Billy's Bucket' by Kes Gray 'Flotsam' by David Wiesner 'Clean Up' by Nathan Bryon 'Look Up' by Nathan Bryon
	Non- fiction	'Me and My Amazing Body' Joan Sweeney and Ed Miller 'Seasons' by Hannah Pang and Clover Robin	'Caterpillar and Bean: A Science Storybook about Growing' by Martin Jenkins 'Yucky Worms' by Vivian French	'A Street Through Time' by Anne Millard 'You Choose' by Pippa Goodheart and Nick Sharratt

#### **CLL**

Listening,
 Attention and
 Understandin
 g

Speaking

We aim to become... Confident Communicators who can listen carefully in different situations, hold a conversation with friends and adults, ask relevant questions and use new vocabulary to explain ideas and feelings

### **Listening, Attention and Understanding:**

- Listen attentively to key class stories/texts and respond to what they hear with relevant questions.
- Be confident to make a comment during a whole class discussion.
- Use actions to demonstrate ideas during small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard in adult and child led activities.
- Independently ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

### Speaking:

- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences.
- Use past, present and future tenses in context with their own level of understanding e.g. When I was a baby I played with a rattle, now I like to kick a ball and when I'm grown up, I'll have a real bike.
- Use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher (and, then, next)
- Participate in small group discussions with adult support.
- Have one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen.
- Use vocabulary from key stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems in child led play.
- Learn new vocabulary.
- Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.
- Use new vocabulary in different contexts.
- Use new vocabulary through the day.
- Learn rhymes, poems, and songs.

		Understand how	Ask questions to find out	Articulate their ideas and	Describe events in some	Listen to and talk about	Retell stories once they
		to listen carefully	more and to check they	thoughts in well-formed	detail.	stories to build familiarity	have developed a deep
		and why listening	understand what has	sentences.		and understanding.	familiarity with the text;
		is important.	been said to them.		Use talk to help work out		some as exact repetition
				Connect one idea or	problems and organise	Engage in non-fiction	and some in their own
		Engage in story	Develop social phrases.	action to another using a	thinking and activities.	books.	words.
		times.		range of connectives.			
			Engage in story times.		Explain how things work	Listen to and talk about	Use new vocabulary in
				Engage in non-fiction	and why they might	selected non-fiction to	different contexts.
				books.	happen.	develop a deep familiarity	
						with new knowledge and	
				Listen to and talk about		vocabulary.	
				selected non-fiction to			
				develop a deep familiarity			
				with new knowledge and			
				vocabulary.			
		Circle Time		Listen attentively to othe	rs, speak clearly to explain ide	eas, thoughts and feelings.	
		Busy Learning	Practice using new voca	bulary, develop social phrases	s, engage in conversation witl	n friends and adults, speak cle	arly to explain ideas and
				thoughts, engage in and	talk about books, retell stori	es and create their own.	
		Story/song time		Learn new vocabulary, engag	e in and talk about books. Lea	arn rhymes, poems and songs	
					Possible Enhancements:		
		Home corner role	Story telling shelves – Owl	Story telling shelves –	Story telling shelves –		Story telling shelves – The
		play area.	Babies.	Supertato.	Jack and the Beanstalk.		Night Pirates.
				Tiny Seed			Sport's Day
		Create "family"	Nativity				
		interest table.					
			Create Icy environments				
		Story telling	in small world area.				
		shelves – Elmer.					
DCED			ND There statement !	haran and the form and the second and		and the same and the same of	
PSED	Destinition of					pasis throughout the reception	
•	Building	We aim to bec	ome Independent Indiv	/iduals who can follow oເ	ır School Charters, set sim	ple goals and persevere to	achieve them, select
	Relationships	resources, manag	ge their own personal nee	ds and know how to stay f	fit and healthy. And Fanta	astic Friends who can be l	kind, caring and helpful,
•	Managing Self	S	how empathy and respect	to others, work and play	co-operatively whilst cons	sidering others' ideas and f	feelings.
		Self-Regulation:					

### Self-Regulation

- Take into considerations the feeling of others e.g. comforts a peer when they are hurt, finds way to compromise to solve disagreements, sharing and negotiating.
- Know and accept consequences for some behaviours of themselves and others and is able to tolerate and manage feelings when their wishes cannot be met e.g. accepting and managing the disappointment felt when accessing a wanted resource that isn't available or being used by another.
- Follow and listen to what the adults says even when engaged in another activity e.g. stopping an activity and returning to the carpet when asked.
- Awareness of behavioural expectations and follows routines e.g. sitting on carpet spot, lining up, RWI expectations, tidying up.

#### **Managing Self:**

- Accept and seek challenges willingly and are confident to try new activities, showing, independence, resilience and perseverance e.g. shows confidence in selecting resources and persevering to achieve the chosen activity when difficulties arise – trying again and rebuilding a tower that collapses.
- Is happy to confidently share with others their own needs, interests' opinions in familiar group e.g. willing to describe what they can do well and want to get better at in a positive way.
- Show an understanding for the need for expectations and is able to explain why they are important e.g. to keep themselves and others safe. Follows the rules and expectations.
- Manage their own toileting and handwashing needs as well as dressing and undressing e.g. follows the handwashing sequence and washes hands after the
  toilet, dresses and undresses independently for wild tribe, discusses the importance of healthy food.
- Shows a clear understanding of the importance of healthy food choices e.g. sugary foods vs vegetables.

#### **Building Relationships:**

- Plays cooperatively and take turns with others during play projects and set challenges.
- Comes into class independently and confidently leave parents/carers.
- Form positive attachments with known adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs e.g. listening to others ideas and adapting to keep play going.

See themselves as a valuable individual.	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of	Think about the perspectives of others.
	challenge.	
Build constructive and respectful relationships.		Manage their own needs.
	Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and	
Express their feelings and consider the feelings	emotionally.	
of others.		

	Relationships: Children's own family and family life. Safe Relationships – NSPCC PANTS Looking at children's differences and preferences. Making friends with other children. Exploring feelings of loneliness. Exploring the emotion of happiness. Empathizing with characters from the story. How do they feel?		Health and Wellbeing:  Physical health and mental wellbeing – healthy living, healthy eating.  Growing and changing – body parts. Changing from a baby to an adult. Keeping safe. Sun safety, road safety, stranger awareness	Living in the Wider World:  Talk about feelings of other characters.  Explore significant birthdays with the children.  Remember presents and things they did on their birthday.  Recall surprises in our own lives.  Comparing own family and family life to Inuit People.	
	Daily Routines	round, change into wet wea	ng, 'choose it, use it, put it away' when using resources, chather gear, use toilets independently, snack time (whole claready for home, follow the class rules/charter, to be resourced.	ass or free-flow during busy learning), lunchtimes, getting eady, safe and respectful.	
	Busy Learning	and b	oehaviour appropriately, play co-operatively, take turns an	·	
Physical Development	Story/song time		Experience, explore and talk about positive relationships, f	. ,	
<ul><li>Gross Motor</li><li>Fine Motor</li></ul>		erent ways, use a range of	who can show strength, balance and co-ordination equipment. And Talented Tool Users who can ho ery, paintbrushes, tweezers, hammer, screwdrivers	old a pencil effectively, use a range of tools (for	
	Gross Motor Skills:  Ride a balance bike with control and stop on command. Throw an object e.g. bean bag, small ball, foam javelin over a 1 metre distance. Run, skip and jump on different surfaces confidently (grass, concrete, PE equipment) Roll /bend knees when dismounting from inside apparatus or outside active provision including ramps, trees, slopes.				
	<ul> <li>Uses scisso</li> <li>Uses a scre</li> <li>Uses a har</li> <li>Uses a saw</li> <li>Uses a var</li> <li>Uses a knit</li> </ul>	acil effectively so mark making ors to cut paper, thin card, fab ewdriver to screw screws into nmer to place nails into soft it or to cut thin pieces of wood. iety of paintbrush sizes. fe, fork and spoon when eating wing, controls the pencil caref	ric, thin plastic and textiles. wood. ems (such as a pumpkin). g at dinner time.		

	Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing.	Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.  Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.	Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: regular physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time', having a good sleep routine, being a safe pedestrian.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency.  Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.	
	Funky Fingers	Daily movement to music		writing, different routine each	term	l ngers) to support pencil grip	
	Lunch Time	Hold and use a knife and fork correctly, understand about healthy eating.					
	Busy Learning	Revise and refine fundame	ental movement skills, develo use a range of tools compe	p strength, balance, agility an etently and safely, combine m		evelop fine motor skills and	
	Go Noodle/ Yoga		Develop	strength, balance and co-ord	dination.		
Literacy		Lette	rs and Sounds phonics foll	owing school phonics prog	ression map		
<ul><li>Word Reading</li><li>Writing</li></ul>	We aim to become Brilliant Bookworms who can show a love for reading, use new vocabulary to talk about what they have read or has bee read to them, read words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt).  And Wow Writers who can write letters that are formed correctly, write words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt) that can be read by others.				t).		
Comprehension:  Retell class stories and narratives using newly introduced vocabulary in the correct context.  Listen, consider and reason what might happen next when being read to.  Use their knowledge and vocabulary encountered from stories and narratives in their play and discussions with others e.g. using c their role play, discussing why and how things happen/work (non-fiction) and performing rhymes and poems.					g characters and events in		
	Know phase		ed; em to decode words with ther and blending in your head to				

■ Be able to	read aloud at least red/yellov	v books and the common exc	eption words they encounter	e.g. the, I, you, he, she, was.	
Mulaina					
Writing:					
<ul><li>Use the cor</li></ul>	rrect formation to form letter	s that can be identified by ot	ners.		
<ul><li>Use their p</li></ul>	honic knowledge (at least pha	ase 2 and phase 3 sounds) to	identify and write sounds the	y hear in words.	
<ul> <li>Articulate a</li> </ul>	and construct a string of word	Is together to form phrases o	r sentences that can be read b	by others.	
Use finger s	spaces and begin to have som	ne understanding of capital le	tters and full stops.	•	
	- P	and an experience			
Working on using	Working on writing CVC	Working on writing a range	e of CVC words using all the	Working on blending	Working on segment
common	words using a wider range	letters and less frequent consonant digraphs and some		adjacent consonants in	adjacent consonants on
consonants and	of letters inc. consonant	long vowel phonemes.		words and apply this in	words and apply this in
vowels which they	digraphs and double	_		writing.	writing.
can segment for letters e.g. bell, chick		Spell phase 2	tricky words.	-	_
writing simple CVC	_		-	Write each letter	Spell phase 3 tricky words
words.	Blend sounds into words,	Form letters correctly		correctly.	
	so that they can read	Read some letter groups	Read simple phrases and	Form lower-case and	Write each letter

. 0 0	. 0 0			. 0 0	. 0
common	words using a wider range	letters and less frequent co	nsonant digraphs and some	adjacent consonants in	adjacent consonants on
consonants and	of letters inc. consonant	long vowel	phonemes.	words and apply this in	words and apply this in
vowels which they	digraphs and double			writing.	writing.
can segment for	letters e.g. bell, chick	Spell phase 2	tricky words.		
writing simple CVC				Write each letter	Spell phase 3 tricky words.
words.	Blend sounds into words,	Form lette	rs correctly	correctly.	
	so that they can read	Read some letter groups	Read simple phrases and	Form lower-case and	Write each letter
Read individual	short words made up of	that each represent one	sentences made up of	capital letters correctly.	correctly.
letters by saying	known letter-sound	sound and say sounds for	words with known letter–		
the sounds for	correspondences.	them.	sound correspondences	Spell words by identifying	Write short sentences
them.			and, where necessary, a	the sounds and then	with words with known
		Read a few common	few exception words.	writing the sound with	letter-sound
		exception words matched		letter/s.	correspondences using a
		to the school's phonic	Re-read these books to		capital letter and full stop.
		programme.	build up their confidence		
			in word reading, their		Re-read what they have
			fluency and their		written to check that it
			understanding and		makes sense.
			enjoyment.		
<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>
To say what we	To explain how a	To use words to describe	To say what you think will	To explain why they like a	To say what happened at
think a book is	character is feeling (I)	a character or setting (V)	happen next (E)	character or story (E)	the beginning, middle and
about by looking					end of a story (S)
at the front cover	To answer simple	To say what happens first	To say explain why	To find a word that	
(P)	questions about what has	in a story (S)	something happens (R, I)	means (V)	
	happened (R)				
To say who your					
favourite					
character is (E)					
Busy Learning		Learn and practise new v	ocabulary, listen and talk abo	ut stories, read and write	

An Daras Trust: EYFS Long Term Overview

			messages, engage in an	words, phrases, sentences to make things happen. Read m d talk about books, retell stories and create their own.	<u> </u>			
	Phonological Awareness	Orally blend and segment, identify rhyme and continue a rhyming strong, count syllables, discriminate between sounds.						
	Story/Song Time	Learn nev		alk about books, anticipate key events, learn rhymes, poer	ns and song			
	Possible enhancements for writing							
	Writing feelings and post in	Day-time and night-time words.	Wanted Posters.	Label and write captions.	Acrostic poems.			
	feelings box.	Owl Speech and thought	Shared writing about the Superheroes. "What we	Fact files about people who help us.	Make and write Birthday cards, invitations and gift			
	Writing notes home to family.	bubbles from baby owls.	know, what we would like to find out, what we	Write a postcard to and letter to and from friends.	tags.			
	Oral storytelling	Writing cards/ notes/ messages.	found out".	Writing for the role play area prescriptions, messages.	Pirate Passports.			
	scribed by the teacher.	Diagrams and factsheets	Oral storytelling scribed by the adult.	Oral storytelling scribed by the teacher.	Lists, signs and banners for a great feast.			
		about people.	Writing captions to go with the pictures from	Writing new pages for additional animals based on 'The Zoo Vet'.	Write or dictate own versions of the story.			
		Speech/thought bubbles.	story.	Recall parts of the story. Speech bubbles and thought bubbles from characters in story.	Making maps.			
			Speech/thought bubbles for the characters.	Shared writing 'How to trap a giant'.				
				Writing questions to Jack and the Giant.				
				Labelling diagram of plants.				
Maths Number Numerical	We aim to become		•	erstanding of numbers to 10, recognise patterns wit ies and recall number bonds to 5.	thin the number system,			
Pattern Shape and Space		er: competent to use the maths rich continuous provision and adult led teaching to demonstrate a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the sition of each number by;						
	reciting nu	ting numbers from 0 to 10 (ar umber rhymes and stories. ence in putting numerals in or		to 0. Counting from different starting points. Learning, sing	ging, using in role play and			

Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.

#### Cardinality

- Be able to subitise numbers to five. Identify patterns of numbers within objects and pictures. Using opportunities of amounts in the environment outside
  and inside as well as maths resources including 10 frames, counters and rekenrek.
- Matching the numeral with a group of items to show how many there are (up to 10).
- Accurately counting out up to 10 objects from a larger group and counting objects, actions and sounds. Using one to one correspondence and saying the numbers in order and matching one number name to each item. Saying how many there are after counting for example, "...6, 7, 8. There are 8 balls" appreciating that the last number of the count indicates the total number of the group. This is the cardinal counting principle.

#### Composition

- Be aware that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects.
- Conceptually able to subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three.
- In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10. Beginning to be able to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Using opportunities that arise e.g. there are 5 of us, 3 of us have clipboards how many more do we need?

#### **Numerical Patterns:**

To recognise patterns in the counting system e.g. 10s and ones, and enjoying verbally counting to 20 and beyond.

#### Comparison

- Use number names and symbols when comparing numbers and showing interest in numbers.
- Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
- Use the vocabulary: 'more than', 'less than', 'fewer', 'the same as', 'equal to' when discussing amounts and numbers and when estimating a number of things, showing understanding of relative size.
- Use concrete objects to explore and represent patterns (numbers up to 10) including odd and even numbers, double facts and sharing.

	White Rose Maths Getting to know you  Just like me Match and sort Making comparisons (Compare amounts Compare size, mass and capacity) Exploring Pattern (Make simple patterns)	White Rose Maths  It's me 1, 2, 3!  Representing 1, 2, 3  Comparing 1, 2, 3  Composition of 1, 2, 3  Geometry and spatial thinking (Circles and triangles Spatial awareness)  Light and dark  Numbers to 5 (Four and Five One more and one less)  Geometry and spatial thinking (shapes with 4 sides)  Measurement – Time (night and day)	White Rose Maths Alive in 5! Introducing zero Comparing numbers to 5 Composition of 4 and 5 Compare mass (2) Compare capacity (2) Growing 6, 7, 8 6, 7 and 8 Making pairs Combining 2 groups Length and height Time	White Rose Maths Building 9 and 10 9 and 10 Comparing numbers to 10 Bonds to 10 3D shape Pattern (2)  Consolidation	White Rose Maths To 20 and beyond Building numbers beyond 10 Counting patterns beyond 10 Spatial reasoning (1)  First, then, now Adding more Taking away Spatial reasoning (2)	White Rose Maths Find my pattern Doubling Sharing and grouping Even and odd Spatial reasoning (3)  On the move Deepening understanding Patterns and relationships Spatial reasoning (4)
		se materials will be supplem	ented by other resources and			d Karen Wilding.
Daily Routines  Busy Learning  Practise taught skills. Use and apply taught skills in real life situations, message centre (read and write secret syou notice? What do you wonder?'					(read and write secret symboler?'	ols and passcodes). 'What do
Understanding the World (RE, History, Geography, Science, Computing)  People, Culture and Community. The Natural World. People and places	map, understand some differences between times and places. And Compassionate Citizens who can help to look after their community care for the environment, know some reasons why Cornwall is special, have an awareness of other people's cultures and beliefs.  Past and present:  Talking and commenting on images, books and objects that show familiar past events and discuss the similarities and differences based on their experiences.  Using class texts to explore past and present e.g. pirates, castles and characters.  Discussing when the story takes place and the similarities and differences.					er their community and ures and beliefs.  s based on their

•	Be confident to share details about their family and community and make comparisons with other families and communities. Drawing on real life
	experiences and books. Joining in with SMSC discussions and RE learning and understanding similarities and differences between religious and cultural
	communities and how they celebrate special times in different ways. Using these discussions and experiences in their play.

Be able to compare and contrast differences and similarities in life in this country and others, using knowledge and vocabulary gained through stories and texts, maps, pictures and videos and discussions.

#### **The Natural Word:**

- Be curious to explore the natural world and use their senses to investigate hands on experiences including natural processes e.g. ice melting, changing of the seasons.
- Understand how to care for the natural environment.
- Make close observations of animals and plants and draw pictures including details observed and being able to articulate using introduced vocabulary including the name of plants and animals.
- Join in with discussions comparing the features of our immediate environment with those of others (local, national and the world) by drawing on first hand experiences, information from books, videos and pictures.

	4						
	RE –	RE –	RE –	RE –	RE –	RE –	
	Being Special: Where do we belong?	Incarnation: Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	What times/stories are special and why?	Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	God/Creation: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	What places are special and why?	
Understanding the World  Character,		Guy Fawkes		Florence Nightingale	Launceston Castle		
setting, event from the past	Busy Learning	Learn and practise new vocabulary, create small world environments, read and draw simple maps, look at books containing images f past or different cultures/countries, explore the natural world around them, describe what they can see, hear and feel when outside different scientific concepts					
	Story/Song Time	Experience, explore and talk about different people and occupations, comment on images from the past or different cultures/countries					
Technology	To engage with age appropriate software.	To explore the use of technology as a means of capturing images.	To explore programming using bee bots.	To use technology to promote speaking and listening.	To use technology as a research tool.	To produce our own images and videos.	

	Torches for dark reading den. IWB and I Pads	Use of I-Pad as a camera.	Bee-bots	Using the recordable devices to record.  Introduce Talking telephones for Role Play.	Using iPads for research.	Using the I-pads, recordable devices to tell new intake what our class is like.
Expressive Arts and Design  Creating with Materials Being Imaginative and Expressive	play a range of  Creating with Mate Plan what Experimer different s Experimer Independe Creating c Creatively Review the Being invo Keeping of Enjoying a  Being imaginative a Know and Introduces	rials:  they are going to create and leads they are going to create and leads to with combining a range of reports of glue, tags, string etc. In the with colour mixing to producently use processes to shape realized to shape real	their creations, talk about their creations, talk about their creations, talk about the parameterials and to consider how naterials and to consider how naterials e.g. scissors, tearing resources and skills. See parts that can symbolise different (part of the play project of the play pr	thm. And Dynamic Design at what they have made and the what they have made and the street of their play project. The problems can be overcome. The derivative paint, poster paint and way, sawing.  If the sawing is a part of the contract of	Thinking about the best way attercolours.  aracters and situations whilst lass, groups and individually.	to join materials e.g. tape,
	Develop storylines in their pretend play.	Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.	Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them  Possible Wild Tribe	Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources, and skills.  Enhancements:	Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.	Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses
	Collage of Elmer.  Patchwork people.	Owl paintings and puppets.	wild Tribe	drawings/paintings of plants and flowers.	Exploring working with paint on different surfaces and in different	Mixing colour more purposefully to make a waterscape and then

	Basic mark-making using one colour.  Naming and using primary colours.  Experimenting with variety of tools.	Transient art, Night pictures and natural collages.  Explore Van Gogh's "Starry Night" and create own images.  Rangoli Patterns.  Use clay to mould Diva Lamps.  Firework dances.  Painting simple shapes and filling with colour.	Informal colour mixing Naming, mixing and using secondary colours.	Creating mini-beasts using different mediums (paint, collage, transient art).	ways Painting without tools.  Beginning to predict the end result when mixing colouring.	adding more detail to paintings in a number of sessions.
D and T (joining)	Basic Level Joins glue stick, PVA glue with a glue brush, PVA glue with a spreader, make glue from flour		Mid-Level Joins masking tape, sticky tape, folding paper and card, elastic band, sticky tack, a paper clip, a stapler		High Level Joins hole punch (single and double) split pins, treasury tags, stitching	
Music	Charanga – Me!	Charanga – My Stories	Charanga - Everyone	Charanga – Our World	Charanga – Big Bear Funk	Charanga – Reflect, Rewind and Replay
Metacognitive Skill	Planning	Planning	Planning	Planning	Planning	Planning
Progression	Inquiring — identifying, exploring, and organising information and ideas: Pose questions Pose factual and exploratory questions based on personal interests and experiences  Evaluation Analysing, synthesising and	Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Imagine possibilities and connect ideas Listen to an adult or peer describing the visual features of a text, diagram, picture, or multimedia  Monitoring Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Thinking about thinking (metacognition)	Inquiring – identifying, exploring and organising information and ideas: Identify and clarify information and ideas: Identify and describe familiar information and ideas during a discussion or investigation  Planning Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Consider alternatives	Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Imagine possibilities and connect ideas Use imagination to view or create things in new ways and connect two things that seem different  Evaluation Analysing, synthesising and evaluating reasoning and procedure element: Apply logic and reasoning.	Inquiring – identifying, exploring and organising information and ideas: Organise and process information: Gather similar information from given sources  Evaluation Analysing, synthesising and evaluating reasoning and procedure element: Evaluate procedures and outcomes.	Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Seek solutions and put ideas into action Predict what might happen in a situation and when putting ideas into action  Monitoring Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Transfer knowledge into new contexts. Connect information from one setting to another

	evaluating reasoning and procedure element: Draw conclusions and design a course of action. Share their thinking about possible courses of action	Describe what they are thinking and give reasons why	suggest alternatives and creative ways to approach a given situation or task  Monitoring Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Reflect on processes. Identify the main elements of the steps in a thinking process	Identify the thinking used to solve problems in given situations	Check whether they are satisfied with the outcome of tasks or actions	
Off Site Enrichment				Eden?	Castle Visit	Beach Trip
Internal Enrichment	Elmer parade	Decorations Day Nativity	Wild Tribe Superhero enrichment day.	Wild Tribe Gardening	Wild Tribe	Wild Tribe Sport's Day