

School: Lew Trenchard Primary School	
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To ensure subject coverage and weighting.	

INTRODUCTION / AIMS

Our EYFS Curriculum has been designed to reflect the nature of our school environment, the seasons of the year and the nature around our school. It aims to teach the children how their environment compares to other places, cultures and nature in other parts of the world. Each key text and linked provision are included in the curriculum for very specific reasons, and we want to ensure that all children leaving the Foundation Stage are ready to start the KS1 curriculum. Each learning focus does not last a specific amount of time but is based on the children's learning at the time, and so can run from anything between two and seven weeks. All of the overarching themes have resources and activities ready to use in the enhanced provision. Specific concepts are introduced with a good quality storybook or age appropriate non – fiction text. Using books in this way teaches children that books and reading form the basis of all learning.

This ambitious Early Year's curriculum aims to teach all children the skills and knowledge in order that they reach the seventeen Early Learning Goals described in the Early Years Foundation Stage. We teach through a range of teaching methods including child-initiated learning, whole class teaching, group teaching, investigations and problem solving together, and independently. As many activities as possible are play-based; however, there is also a need for direct teacher-led activities to ensure children gain essential knowledge and skills from their teacher. All activities are expertly modelled, and children are given sufficient time, support and resources to repeat and practise them.

Diversity: we have carefully planned our curriculum to include diversity (gender, disability, BAME – Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic) to ensure it is a diverse and inclusive curriculum. Where there are key links, these are highlighted below in orange.

Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Possible	N	/ho am I?	Come C	Outside!	lsn't it a	amazing?
Themes/Interests/Lin	Starting sch	ool/new beginnings	Growing ar	nd changing	Compar	ing places
es of Enquiry	Rules	and routines	Plants an	d flowers	Polar regions and t	he rainforest/jungle
	All about me, families, homes Feelings and emotions		Human body, senses		Under the sea,	
			Keeping fit and healthy		Space Now and Then	
	Celebr	Celebrations, parties Animals and minibeasts		Seasonal changes	s – Spring/Summer	
	Bonfire Night, Rer	Bonfire Night, Remembrance Day, Harvest, Life cycles		cycles		
	Diwali Barring Gould- October (WREN)		Recycling, looking after the world			
			Eas	ster		
			Chinese New Year			

		Advent, Christmas Seasonal Changes – Autumn/Winter	Seasonal changes – Winter/Spring	
Key Texts	Fiction	 'The Colour Monster Goes to School' By Anna Llenas 'Super Duper You' by Sophy Henn 'The Squabbling Squirrels' by Rachel Bright (The Little Red Hen' 'Owl Babies' by Martin Waddell and Patrick Benson 'Pumpkin Soup' by Helen Cooper 	'Jack and the beanstalk' – Traditional Tale 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar' by Eric Carle. 'Supertato' by Sue Hendra and Paul Linnet 'The Runaway Wok' By Ying Chang Compestine and Sebastia Serra 'Izzy Gizmo' by Pip Jones	'The Night Pirates' by Peter Harris 'Billy's Bucket' by Kes Gray 'Flotsam' by David Wiesner 'Clean Up' by Nathan Bryon 'Look Up' by Nathan Bryon
	Non- fiction	'Me and My Amazing Body' Joan Sweeney and Ed Miller 'Seasons' by Hannah Pang and Clover Robin	'Caterpillar and Bean: A Science Storybook about Growing' by Martin Jenkins 'Yucky Worms' by Vivian French	'A Street Through Time' by Anne Millard 'You Choose' by Pippa Goodheart and Nick Sharratt

CLL Listening, Attention and	We aim to become Confident Communicators who can listen carefully in different situations, hold a conversation with friends and adults, ask relevant questions and use new vocabulary to explain ideas and feelings
Understandin g Speaking	 Listening, Attention and Understanding: Listen attentively to key class stories/texts and respond to what they hear with relevant questions. Be confident to make a comment during a whole class discussion. Use actions to demonstrate ideas during small group interactions. Make comments about what they have heard in adult and child led activities. Independently ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.
	 Speaking: Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences. Use past, present and future tenses in context with their own level of understanding e.g. When I was a baby I played with a rattle, now I like to kick a ball and when I'm grown up, I'll have a real bike. Use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher (and, then, next) Participate in small group discussions with adult support. Have one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen. Use vocabulary from key stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems in child led play. Learn new vocabulary. Use new vocabulary in different contexts. Use new vocabulary through the day. Learn rhymes, poems, and songs.

	Understand how	Ask questions to find out	Articulate their ideas and	Describe events in some	Listen to and talk about	Retell stories once they	
	to listen carefully	more and to check they	thoughts in well-formed	detail.	stories to build familiarity	have developed a deep	
	and why listening	understand what has	sentences.	actain	and understanding.	familiarity with the text	
	is important.	been said to them.	sentences.	Use talk to help work out	and understanding.	some as exact repetition	
	is important.	been said to them.	Connect one idea or	problems and organise	Engage in non-fiction	and some in their own	
	Engage in story	Develop social phrases.	action to another using a	thinking and activities.	books.	words.	
	times.		range of connectives.				
		Engage in story times.		Explain how things work	Listen to and talk about	Use new vocabulary in	
			Engage in non-fiction	and why they might	selected non-fiction to	different contexts.	
			books.	happen.	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and		
			Listen to and talk about		vocabulary.		
			selected non-fiction to		,		
			develop a deep familiarity				
			with new knowledge and				
			vocabulary.				
	Circle Time	ircle Time Listen attentively to others, speak clearly to explain ideas, thoughts and feelings.					
	Busy Learning	Practice using new voca	bulary, develop social phrases	s, engage in conversation with	h friends and adults, speak cle	arly to explain ideas and	
			thoughts, engage in and	talk about books, retell stori	es and create their own.		
	Story/song time		Learn new vocabulary, engage in and talk about books. Learn rhymes, poems and songs.				
				Possible Enhancements:			
	Home corner role	Story telling shelves – Owl	Story telling shelves –	Story telling shelves –		Story telling shelves – Th	
	play area.	Babies.	Supertato.	Jack and the Beanstalk.		Night Pirates. Sport's Day	
	Create "family" interest table.	Nativity				Sport's Day	
		Create Icy environments					
		in small world area.					
PSED		NR These statements have	heen solit for extra focus, but	all will apply on an oppoing h	pasis throughout the reception	vear	
 Building 							
U		ome Independent Indiv					
Relationships		ge their own personal nee	=				
 Managing Self 	S	how empathy and respect	to others, work and play	co-operatively whilst cons	idering others' ideas and f	feelings.	

 Self- 	 Take into considerations the feeling of c 	thers e.g. comforts a peer when they are hurt, finds way to	o compromise to solve disagreements, sharing and					
Regulation	negotiating.							
Ŭ		e behaviours of themselves and others and is able to toler						
	met e.g. accepting and managing the dis	sappointment felt when accessing a wanted resource that	isn't available or being used by another.					
	 Follow and listen to what the adults says 	s even when engaged in another activity e.g. stopping an a	ctivity and returning to the carpet when asked.					
	 Awareness of behavioural expectations 	and follows routines – e.g. sitting on carpet spot, lining up,	, RWI expectations, tidying up.					
	Managing Self:							
		l are confident to try new activities, showing, independence	· · ·					
		chieve the chosen activity when difficulties arise – trying a						
		s their own needs, interests' opinions in familiar group e.g	. willing to describe what they can do well and want to					
	get better at in a positive way.							
	-	expectations and is able to explain why they are importar	nt e.g. to keep themselves and others safe. Follows the					
	rules and expectations.							
		shing needs as well as dressing and undressing e.g. follows	e .					
		ntly for wild tribe, discusses the importance of healthy foc						
	Shows a clear understanding of the importance of healthy food choices e.g. sugary foods vs vegetables.							
	Building Relationships:							
		 Plays cooperatively and take turns with others during play projects and set challenges. 						
	 Comes into class independently and confidently leave parents/carers. 							
	 Form positive attachments with known adults and friendships with peers. Show consistivity to their sum and to otherr' needs on a lister index and edepting to keep play pairs. 							
	Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs e.g. listening to others ideas and adapting to keep play going.							
	See themselves as a valuable individual.	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of	Think about the perspectives of others.					
	Duild constructive and respectful relationships	challenge.	Managa thair own poods					
	Build constructive and respectful relationships.	Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and	Manage their own needs.					
	Express their feelings and consider the feelings	emotionally.						
	of others.	enotionally.						
	Relationships:	Health and Wellbeing:	Living in the Wider World:					
	Children's own family and family life.	Physical health and mental wellbeing – healthy living,	Talk about feelings of other characters.					
	Safe Relationships – NSPCC PANTS	healthy eating.	Explore significant birthdays with the children.					
	Looking at children's differences and	Growing and changing – body parts.	Remember presents and things they did on their					
	preferences.	Changing from a baby to an adult.	birthday.					
	Making friends with other children.	Keeping safe. Sun safety, road safety, stranger	Recall surprises in our own lives.					
	Exploring feelings of loneliness.	awareness	Comparing own family and family life to Inuit People					
	Exploring the emotion of happiness.							
	Empathizing with characters from the story.							
	How do they feel?							

	Daily Routines	Self-registration, book voting, 'choose it, use it, put it away' when using resources, change independently for PE, turning clothes the right way round, change into wet weather gear, use toilets independently, snack time (whole class or free-flow during busy learning), lunchtimes, getting ready for home, follow the class rules/charter, to be ready, safe and respectful.				
	Busy Learning	Build relationships with others, see themselves as a valued individual, set simple challenges, show resilience and perseverance, manage feelings and behaviour appropriately, play co-operatively, take turns and share, show sensitivity to others				
	Story/song time	Experience, explore and talk about positive relationships, feelings and emotion, diversity				
Physical Development	We aim to be	come Amazing Athletes who can show strength, balance and co-ordination when playing, move confidently and safely in a				
 Gross Motor 	variety of dif	ferent ways, use a range of equipment. And Talented Tool Users who can hold a pencil effectively, use a range of tools (for				
 Fine Motor 	example scissors, cutlery, paintbrushes, tweezers, hammer, screwdrivers) safely and with confidence.					
	 Ride a balance bike with control and stop on command. Throw an object e.g. bean bag, small ball, foam javelin over a 1 metre distance. Run, skip and jump on different surfaces confidently (grass, concrete, PE equipment) 					
	 Roll /bend knees when dismounting from inside apparatus or outside active provision including ramps, trees, slopes. Fine Motor Skills: 					
	 Hold a pencil effectively so mark making/formation is legible. 					
		ors to cut paper, thin card, fabric, thin plastic and textiles.				
		ewdriver to screw screws into wood. mmer to place nails into soft items (such as a pumpkin).				
		v to cut thin pieces of wood.				
		iety of paintbrush sizes.				
		fe, fork and spoon when eating at dinner time.				
	 When dra 	wing, controls the pencil carefully, showing some accuracy.				

	Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing.	Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming. Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.	Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: regular physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time', having a good sleep routine, being a safe pedestrian.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency. Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.		
	Funky Fingers	Daily movement to music	and	writing, different routine each		l ngers) to support pencil grip		
	Lunch Time	Hold and use a knife and fork correctly, understand about healthy eating.						
	Busy Learning	Revise and refine fundamental movement skills, develop strength, balance, agility and co-ordination. Refine and develop fine motor skills and use a range of tools competently and safely, combine movement, develop ball skills						
	Go Noodle/ Yoga		Develop	o strength, balance and co-or	dination.			
Literacy	Letters and Sounds phonics following school phonics progression map							
 Word Reading Writing 	We aim to become Brilliant Bookworms who can show a love for reading, use new vocabulary to talk about what they have read or has been read to them, read words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt). And Wow Writers who can write letters that are formed correctly, write words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt) that can be read by others.							
	 Comprehension: Retell class stories and narratives using newly introduced vocabulary in the correct context. Listen, consider and reason what might happen next when being read to. Use their knowledge and vocabulary encountered from stories and narratives in their play and discussions with others e.g. using characters and events in their role play, discussing why and how things happen/work (non-fiction) and performing rhymes and poems. Word Reading: Following Little Wandle Letters and Sounds Revised; Know phase 2 and 3 sounds and use them to decode words with them in. Become proficient with using robot talk and blending in your head to blend and read words. 							

Be able to	read aloud at least red/yellov			a a tha I way ha also was	
• Beable to Writing:	read aloud at least red/yellov	v books and the common exc	eption words they encounter	e.g. the, I, you, he, she, was.	
	rrect formation to form letter	s that can be identified by at	hore		
		•		w hoor in words	
	phonic knowledge (at least ph				
	and construct a string of word			by others.	
-	spaces and begin to have son		-		
Working on using	Working on writing CVC		e of CVC words using all the	Working on blending	Working on segment
common	words using a wider range		nsonant digraphs and some	adjacent consonants in	adjacent consonants on
consonants and	of letters inc. consonant	long vowel	phonemes.	words and apply this in	words and apply this in
vowels which they	digraphs and double			writing.	writing.
can segment for	letters e.g. bell, chick	Spell phase 2	tricky words.		
writing simple CVC				Write each letter	Spell phase 3 tricky words
words.	Blend sounds into words,		rs correctly	correctly.	Muite each latter
Description of the state of the	so that they can read	Read some letter groups	Read simple phrases and	Form lower-case and	Write each letter
Read individual	short words made up of	that each represent one	sentences made up of	capital letters correctly.	correctly.
letters by saying	known letter-sound	sound and say sounds for	words with known letter-		
the sounds for	correspondences.	them.	sound correspondences	Spell words by identifying	Write short sentences
them.			and, where necessary, a	the sounds and then	with words with known
		Read a few common	few exception words.	writing the sound with	letter-sound
		exception words matched	De versitele ere herele te	letter/s.	correspondences using a
		to the school's phonic	Re-read these books to		capital letter and full stop
		programme.	build up their confidence		De veed whet they have
			in word reading, their		Re-read what they have written to check that it
			fluency and their		
			understanding and		makes sense.
			enjoyment.		
VIPERS	VIPERS	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>	<u>VIPERS</u>
To say what we	To explain how a	To use words to describe	To say what you think will	To explain why they like a	To say what happened at
think a book is	character is feeling (I)	a character or setting (V)	happen next (E)	character or story (E)	the beginning, middle an
about by looking	- · ·				end of a story (S)
at the front cover	To answer simple	To say what happens first	To say explain why	To find a word that	
(P)	questions about what has happened (R)	in a story (S)	something happens (R, I)	means (V)	
To say who your	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
favourite					
character is (E)					
Busy Learning		A	ocabulary, listen and talk abo		

		Use message centre to cr		words, phrases, sentences to make things happen. Read m	nessages left by others, write		
	Phonological Awareness						
	Story/Song Time	Learn nev	w vocabulary, engage in and ta	alk about books, anticipate key events, learn rhymes, poer	ns and song		
				ancements for writing			
	Writing feelings and post in	Day-time and night-time words.	Wanted Posters.	Label and write captions.	Acrostic poems.		
	feelings box.	Owl Speech and thought	Shared writing about the Superheroes. "What we	Fact files about people who help us.	Make and write Birthday cards, invitations and gift		
	Writing notes home to family.	bubbles from baby owls.	know, what we would like to find out, what we	Write a postcard to and letter to and from friends.	tags.		
	Oral storytelling	Writing cards/ notes/ messages.	found out".	Writing for the role play area prescriptions, messages.	Pirate Passports.		
	scribed by the teacher.	Diagrams and factsheets	Oral storytelling scribed by the adult.	Oral storytelling scribed by the teacher.	Lists, signs and banners for a great feast.		
		about people.	Writing captions to go with the pictures from	Writing new pages for additional animals based on 'The Zoo Vet'.	Write or dictate own versions of the story.		
		Speech/thought bubbles.	story.	Recall parts of the story. Speech bubbles and thought bubbles from characters in story.	, Making maps.		
			Speech/thought bubbles for the characters.	Shared writing 'How to trap a giant'.			
				Writing questions to Jack and the Giant.			
				Labelling diagram of plants.			
Maths Number Numerical 	We aim to beco			erstanding of numbers to 10, recognise patterns wi ies and recall number bonds to 5.	thin the number system,		
Pattern Shape and Space 		npetent to use the maths rich continuous provision and adult led teaching to demonstrate a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including th on of each number by;					
		ting numbers from 0 to 10 (ar umber rhymes and stories.	nd beyond) and back from 10 t	to 0. Counting from different starting points. Learning, sing	ging, using in role play and		

 Be confidence in putting numerals in order - 0 to 10 (ordinality)
 Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
Cardinality
 Be able to subitise numbers to five. Identify patterns of numbers within objects and pictures. Using opportunities of amounts in the environment outside and inside as well as maths resources including 10 frames, counters and rekenrek.
 Matching the numeral with a group of items to show how many there are (up to 10).
 Accurately counting out up to 10 objects from a larger group and counting objects, actions and sounds. Using one to one correspondence and saying the numbers in order and matching one number name to each item. Saying how many there are after counting – for example, "6, 7, 8. There are 8 balls" – appreciating that the last number of the count indicates the total number of the group. This is the cardinal counting principle.
Composition
Be aware that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects.
 Conceptually able to subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three.
 In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10. Beginning to be able to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice.
 Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to
10, including double facts. Using opportunities that arise e.g. there are 5 of us, 3 of us have clipboards how many more do we need?
Numerical Patterns:
To recognise patterns in the counting system e.g. 10s and ones, and enjoying verbally counting to 20 and beyond.
Comparison
 Use number names and symbols when comparing numbers and showing interest in numbers.
 Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
Use the vocabulary: 'more than', 'less than', 'fewer', 'the same as', 'equal to' when discussing amounts and numbers and when estimating a number of
things, showing understanding of relative size.
 Use concrete objects to explore and represent patterns (numbers up to 10) including odd and even numbers, double facts and sharing.

	White Rose Maths Getting to know you Just like me Match and sort Making comparisons (Compare amounts Compare size, mass and capacity) Exploring Pattern (Make simple patterns)	White Rose Maths It's me 1, 2, 3! Representing 1, 2, 3 Composition of 1, 2, 3 Geometry and spatial thinking (Circles and triangles Spatial awareness) Light and dark Numbers to 5 (Four and Five One more and one less) Geometry and spatial thinking (shapes with 4 sides) Measurement – Time (night and day)	White Rose Maths Alive in 5! Introducing zero Comparing numbers to 5 Composition of 4 and 5 Compare mass (2) Compare capacity (2) Growing 6, 7, 8 6, 7 and 8 Making pairs Combining 2 groups Length and height Time	<u>White Rose Maths</u> Building 9 and 10 9 and 10 Comparing numbers to 10 Bonds to 10 3D shape Pattern (2) Consolidation	White Rose Maths To 20 and beyond Building numbers beyond 10 Counting patterns beyond 10 Spatial reasoning (1) First, then, now Adding more Taking away Spatial reasoning (2)	White Rose Maths Find my pattern Doubling Sharing and grouping Even and odd Spatial reasoning (3) On the move Deepening understanding Patterns and relationships Spatial reasoning (4)	
	White Rose materials will be supplemented by other resources and planning ideas including NCETM (Mastering Number) and Karen Wilding. Daily Routines Self-Registration (10 frame), calendar, time table, book voting						
	Busy Learning						
	Story/Song Time		Practise taught ski	lls, 'What do you notice? Wh	at do you wonder?'		
Understanding the World (RE, History, Geography, Science, Computing)	map, understand	some differences betwee	en times and places. And	Compassionate Citizen	them, understand how to s who can help to look aft ness of other people's cult	er their community and	
 People, Culture and Community. 	experience	25.			the similarities and difference	s based on their	
 The Natural World. People and 	 Discussing People, culture and 	when the story takes place a communities:	esent e.g. pirates, castles and on the similarities and different of the similarities and different of the similar distribution of the similar	nces.			
places		•	their immediate environment vations, stories and non- fictions and non- fictions and non- fiction and non- f	• • •	able to interpret and identify	areas on a simple map and	

	 Be confident to share details about their family and community and make comparisons with other families and communities. Drawing on real life experiences and books. Joining in with SMSC discussions and RE learning and understanding similarities and differences between religious and cultural communities and how they celebrate special times in different ways. Using these discussions and experiences in their play. Be able to compare and contrast differences and similarities in life in this country and others, using knowledge and vocabulary gained through stories and texts, maps, pictures and videos and discussions. The Natural Word: Be curious to explore the natural world and use their senses to investigate hands on experiences including natural processes e.g. ice melting, changing of the seasons. Understand how to care for the natural environment. Make close observations of animals and plants and draw pictures including details observed and being able to articulate using introduced vocabulary including the name of plants and animals. Join in with discussions comparing the features of our immediate environment with those of others (local, national and the world) by drawing on first han experiences, information from books, videos and pictures. 							
	RE – Being Special: Where do we belong?	RE – Incarnation: Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	RE – What times/stories are special and why?	RE – Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	RE – God/Creation: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	RE – What places are special and why?		
Understanding the World Character,		Guy Fawkes		Florence Nightingale	Launceston Castle			
setting, event from the past	Busy Learning	past or different cultures/countries, explore the natural world around them, describe what they can see, hear and feel when outside, explore different scientific concepts						
	Story/Song Time Experience, explore and talk about different people and occupations, comment on images from the past or different cultures/countries							
Technology	To engage with age appropriate software.	To explore the use of technology as a means of capturing images.	To explore programming using bee bots.	To use technology to promote speaking and listening.	To use technology as a research tool.	To produce our own images and videos.		
	Torches for dark reading den. IWB and I Pads	Use of I-Pad as a camera.	Bee-bots	Using the recordable devices to record. Introduce Talking telephones for Role Play.	Using iPads for research.	Using the I-pads, recordable devices to tell new intake what our class is like.		

Expressive Arts and Design Creating with Materials	We aim to becomeProud Performers who can perform a song, poem or dance to an audience, retell stories with expression and confidence play a range of percussion instruments correctly and with good rhythm. And Dynamic Designers who can choose and safely use the resources they need to make their creations, talk about what they have made and how they have made it.							
 Being Imaginative and Expressive 	 Experiment different s Experiment Independet Creating c Creatively Review the Being invo Keeping of Enjoying a Being imaginative a Know and Introduces stories and 	they are going to create and l at with combining a range of r orts of glue, tags, string etc. at with colour mixing to produ ently use processes to shape r ollaboratively, sharing ideas, r use props and materials (loos eir creations and talk about th lved and concentrating. n trying. chieving what they set out to	materials and to consider how use different colours e.g. powe materials e.g. scissors, tearing resources and skills. Se parts that can symbolise di hem (part of the play project of do. ngs, rhymes and dances and p play. Drawing on experiences,	v problems can be overcome. der paint, poster paint and w , sawing. fferent things) to role play ch cycle). perform them as part of the c stories and narratives used i	atercolours. aracters and situations whilst lass, groups and individually.	collaborating with others.		
	Possible Enhancements:							
	Collage of Elmer. Patchwork people.	Owl paintings and puppets.	Wild Tribe – creating stick 'superheroes.'	Still life drawings/paintings of plants and flowers.	Exploring working with paint on different surfaces and in different	Mixing colour more purposefully to make a waterscape and then		
	Basic mark-making using one colour.	Transient art, Night pictures and natural collages.	Informal colour mixing Naming, mixing and using secondary colours.	Creating mini-beasts using different mediums (paint, collage, transient art)	ways Painting without tools. Beginning to predict the	adding more detail to paintings in a number of sessions.		
	Naming and using primary colours.	Explore Van Gogh's "Starry Night" and create own images.		art).	end result when mixing colouring.			

	Experimenting with variety of tools.	Rangoli Patterns. Use clay to mould Diva Lamps. Firework dances. Painting simple shapes and filling with colour.				
D and T (joining)	Basic Level Joins glue stick, PVA glue with a glue brush, PVA glue with a spreader, make glue from flour		Mid-Level Joins masking tape, sticky tape, folding paper and card, elastic band, sticky tack, a paper clip, a stapler		High Level Joins hole punch (single and double) split pins, treasury tags, stitching	
Music	Charanga – Me!	Charanga – My Stories	Charanga - Everyone	Charanga – Our World	Charanga – Big Bear Funk	Charanga – Reflect, Rewind and Replay
Metacognitive Skill Progression	PlanningInquiring –identifying,exploring, andorganisinginformation andideas: PosequestionsPose factual andexploratoryquestions based onpersonal interestsand experiencesEvaluationAnalysing,synthesising andevaluatingreasoning andprocedureelement:	Planning Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Imagine possibilities and connect ideas Listen to an adult or peer describing the visual features of a text, diagram, picture, or multimediaMonitoring Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Thinking about thinking (metacognition) Describe what they are thinking and give reasons why	PlanningInquiring – identifying, exploring and organising information and ideas: Identify and clarify information and ideas: Identify and describe familiar information and ideas during a discussion or investigationPlanning Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Consider alternatives suggest alternatives and creative ways to approach a given situation or task	Planning Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Imagine possibilities and connect ideasUse imagination to view or create things in new ways and connect two things that seem differentEvaluation Analysing, synthesising and evaluating reasoning and procedure element: Apply logic and reasoning. Identify the thinking used to solve problems in given situations	Planning Inquiring – identifying, exploring and organising information and ideas: Organise and process information: Gather similar information from given sourcesEvaluation Analysing, synthesising and evaluating reasoning and procedure element: Evaluate procedures and outcomes. Check whether they are satisfied with the outcome of tasks or actions	Planning Generating ideas, possibilities and actions element: Seek solutions and put ideas into action Predict what might happen in a situation and when putting ideas into action Monitoring Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Transfer knowledge into new contexts. Connect information from one setting to another

	Draw conclusions and design a course of action. Share their thinking about possible courses of action		Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Reflect on processes. Identify the main elements of the steps in a thinking process			
Off Site Enrichment				Fire station Visit		Beach Trip
Internal Enrichment	Barring Gould Day Church Visit for Harvest	Decorations Day Nativity	Superhero enrichment day.	Gardening	Wild Tribe	Sport's Day